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## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON

CHARLES WHITE,

Plaintiff,

vs.

JEFFREY A. UTTECHT,

Defendant.

NO. CV-10-5076-EFS

ORDER DENYING APPLICATION TO PROCEED IN FORMA PAUPERIS AND DISMISSING ACTION WITHOUT PREJUDICE

By this action, Mr. White appears to be alleging violations of his procedural rights under the Interstate Agreement on Detainers ("IAD"), 18 U.S.C., app. 2. If a state prisoner challenges the fact or duration of his confinement, or seeks a determination that he is entitled to release or a shortening of his period of confinement, his only federal remedy is a writ of habeas corpus, with its requirement of exhaustion of state remedies. See Preiser v. Rodriguez, 411 U.S. 475, 487-90 (1973); Heck v. Humphrey, 512 U.S. 477, 481 (1994); see also Parette v. Lockhart, 927 F.2d 366, 367 (8th Cir.1991) (citing Braden v. 30th Judicial Circuit Court, 410 U.S. 484 (1973)) (A state prisoner must exhaust all available state remedies before filing a federal habeas petition attacking an out-of-state detainer).

In his complaint, Mr. White indicates he has filed a grievance at the Coyote Ridge Correction Center. In response, he was advised his

order denying application to proceed in forma pauperis and dismissing action without prejudice -- 1

classification issue was not an appropriate subject for a grievance.

Mr. White does not state what appropriate measures he has taken under the IAD.

A prisoner confined in one state may challenge a detainer lodged against him and the legality of the charge on which it was based by means of a petition for federal habeas corpus in the district where the prisoner is confined and also in the district where the detainer was issued. Braden v. 30th Judicial Cir. Ct. of Kent., 410 U.S. 484. When a person brings an action in the district of confinement attacking a detainer lodged by another state, the court can transfer the suit to a more convenient forum. 28 U.S.C. § 1404(a); Braden, 410 U.S. at 499 n.15. Plaintiff has not filed an appropriate action in this Court and it does not appear a transfer of the action would be an effective use of judicial resources at this time.

Furthermore, a grant of *in forma pauperis* status in this action brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 would impose a financial obligation of \$350.00 on Mr. White. Because it appears Plaintiff's choice to bring this as a civil rights matter, rather than as a habeas matter, was in error, **IT IS ORDERED** the application to proceed without pre-payment of the filing fee is **DENIED** and this action is **DISMISSED** without prejudice to Mr. White filing an appropriate action in an appropriate forum once he has exhausted his state court remedies.

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ORDER DENYING APPLICATION TO PROCEED  $in\ Forma\ Pauperis\$ and dismissing action without prejudice -- 2

IT IS SO ORDERED. The District Court Executive is directed to enter this Order, enter judgment, forward copies to Plaintiff at his last known address, and close the file. The Court certifies any appeal of this dismissal would not be taken in good faith.

DATED this 8th day of July 2010.

S/ Edward F. Shea EDWARD F. SHEA United States District Judge

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RDER DENYING APPLICATION TO PROCEED *IN FORMA PAUPE*